

Why I Think the Ideas I develop contain New Ideas that are Worthy of Being Noted Nobel Prize

Altaev Namaz Karabalayevich

Candidate of Chemical Sciences, Republic of Kazakhstan

ABSTRACT

Based on the analysis of the idea and the results obtained in my work, the following conclusions were drawn. It seems that the results I was able to obtain in my work in potentially contains highly valuable results, results that fully deserve to be recognized and nominated for a Nobel Prize.

*Corresponding author

Altaev Namaz Karabalayevich, Candidate of Chemical Sciences, Republic of Kazakhstan.

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Mr. Editor, hello! I understand. and I really appreciate it Togo, What You You always try to encourage and support me so that I can get into shape and work more effectively. That's why I consider you a very close person to me. Someone I can confide in when I need it. So today at I had exactly this desire. I want to tell you about my long-standing dreams that I wanted to achieve. Once upon a time Head of the Department of Theoretical Physics Nadezhda Mikhailovna Petrova (student of the academician Foka invited to work from St. Petersburg V Almaty) welcoming us who made their choice in favor of her department, she said the following. What She is very grateful that we, sitting here, made our choice in favor of theoretical physics. She said that she believes that we make our choice they did it very correctly. Because as she said that It is theoretical physics that is the foundation of the foundation. She also said the following:

"The basis of theoretical physics is all salt, and all else is zero."
(1)

Then all Those sitting there laughed proudly and happily. Then she said the following: That a huge opportunity to work lies ahead of us. At the very edge of possibility and achieving success. Even dreaming of uncovering such secrets that they could win a Nobel Prize. I've never forgotten that day since. Because then, It was on this day that I had the desire to dedicate my life to achieve such success that it would influence the receipt of the Nobel Prize.

I also want to say the following. IN Subsequently, I began working with precisely this dream in mind. My life was greatly enhanced by the thoughts contained in the following lines, which are available online. Here in the article entitled:

" "It is for these achievements that the Nobel Prize is awarded."
(2)

I have thoughts of the following content:

The Nobel Prize is awarded for outstanding scientific discoveries, revolutionary research, inventions, or major contributions to culture and society. (3).

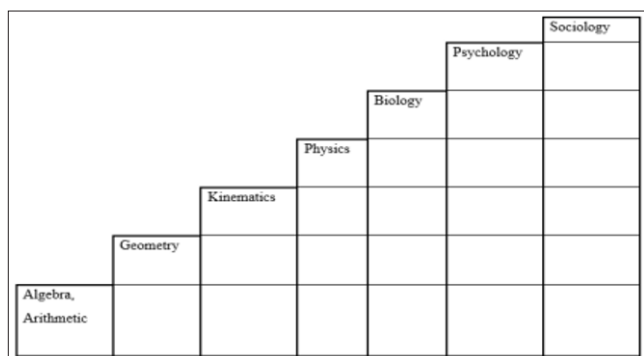
Awards are presented in the following categories: (4)

Physics: for significant discoveries or inventions in the given field. (5)

Chemistry: for outstanding discoveries and for the advancement of biochemistry and related disciplines. (6)

Physiology or Medicine: for discoveries which have significantly advanced our understanding of the mechanisms lives, led to the creation of new drugs or treatment methods. (7)

I have already For many years when I worked, I always tried to achieve results that would help me achieve these goals. That's why lately I often try to remember and think about the main results that I have achieved over the years. At the same time, I am beginning to realize next. It looks like when I received my results I already I almost achieved my goal. I was greatly helped in achieving this goal by the fact that I hold Descartes in high regard as both a philosopher and a scientist. I especially value the ideas he formulated in developing the fundamental ideas of scientific philosophy. It was thanks to this approach that I gradually came to understand the following: that the fundamental ideas of his scientific philosophy contained concepts that could be systematized and accounted for using Diagram 1:



Then when I began to jointly analyze the ideas that were contained in the construction of this diagram-1 and also the results that were obtained in the foundations of such private sections of science such as:

- Algebra (arithmetic), (8)
- Geometry, (9)
- Kinematics, (10)
- Physics (chemistry...) (11)
- Biology (biochemistry, physiology...) (12)
- Psychology (13)
- Sociology (14)

I was able to understand the following: that in obtaining my results I was able to reveal the nature of not only those sections of science that are (11), (12), (13), (14). It was also possible to reveal the nature of such particular sections of science as: (8), (9), (10). For example, it was possible to realize the following:

It turns out that when we use the results algebras, we carry out calculations on

abstract quantities. (15)

given their nature.

When same we use the results of arithmetic while performing calculations on finite number of abstract sets (16) taking into account their numbers and nature.

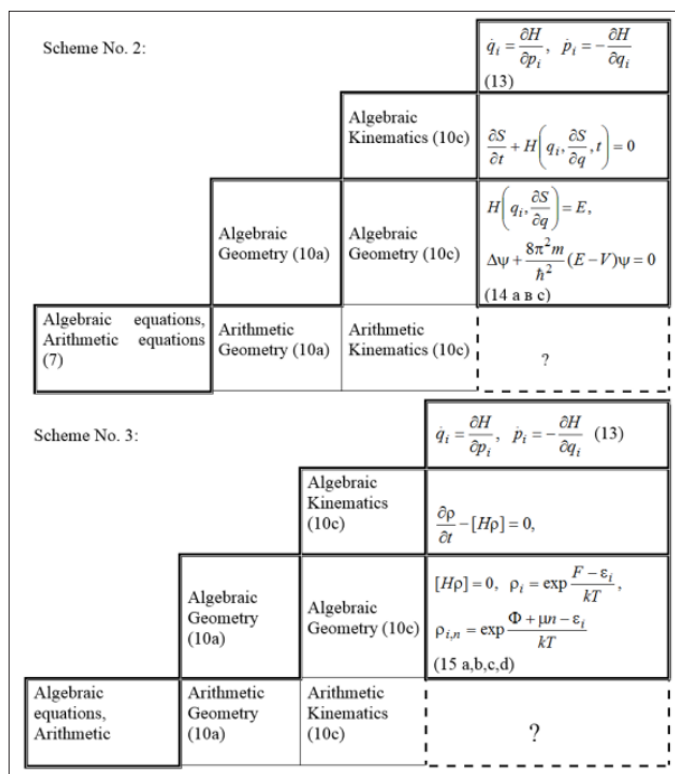
To find yourself when we use the results of kinematics, we carry out calculations on a set of kinematic points between which there is a force of connection of subordinates their continuity conditions. (17)

At this stage I would like to especially point out one more thing next. As is known, when Alfred Nobel wrote down his will, he omitted mathematics from the list of sciences that are: (11), (12), (13), (14) However, I believe that this The great man was deeply mistaken in this case. In my opinion, he was wrong then for the following reasons. At that time relatively nature mathematicians haven't yet existed more or even less correct understanding. Back then, when speaking about mathematics, they simultaneously meant algebra, arithmetic, and geometry. That is, the state of questions regarding understanding the nature of these sciences still remained at the level once analyzed by Plato and Aristotle.

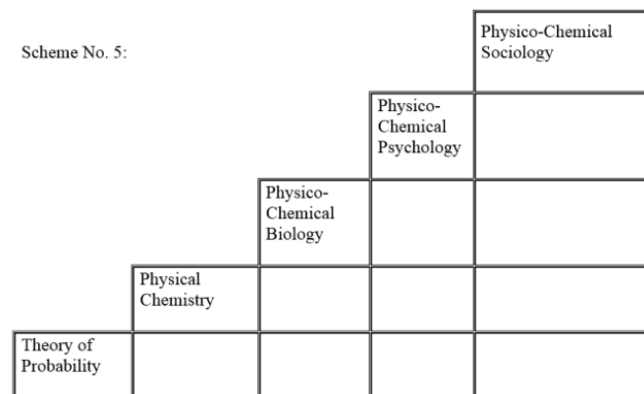
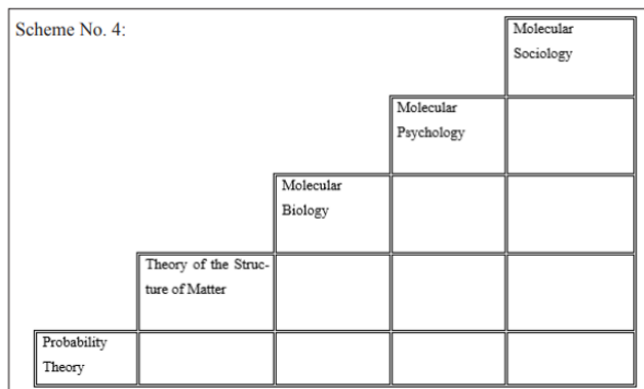
Although humanity had long been trying to utilize the results obtained in the works of Descartes, as well as Newton and Leibniz, Nobel, however, was not fully aware of all this when he wrote his will. He still clearly did not understand the following. in fact, it is possible to come to the correct interpretation of nature (11), (12), (13), (14) only after this when the true nature (8) is first successfully interpreted. That is, the true nature of algebra and arithmetic. That is, those sciences whose main objects of research are abstract quantities and finite numbers of abstract sets. Geometry, in fact, was a science belonging to the category of applied sciences—sciences that should study specific objects, such as:

- Geometric points, (17)
- kinematic points. (18)
- physical particles, (19)
- biological particles, (20)
- psychological particles, (21)
- social particles (people). (22)

It seems that Nobel intuitively understood the following correctly. What still true progress for development of mankind brought V basically the results that were obtained in the foundations of such applied sciences as (11), (12), (13), (14). It seemed to him that the nature of mathematics was still more dominated by the wayfarer. Perhaps even at this stage he I thought something like this for a long time. To include or not to include mathematics among the sciences that scientists should study to discover their nature. Then he was forced to skip this science from numbers of sciences that are particularly important for the development of humanity. He may have thought that at this stage it would be more expedient to act in this way. He probably thought that Scientists will work on solving the interpretation of such a section of science as mathematics. He might even get very confused. That's why he probably He believed that at this stage it would be more expedient to skip this science so that scientists could begin to quickly explore the nature of applied sciences such as (11), (12), (13), (14). Unfortunately, he was deeply mistaken in thinking this way. Because how could this be proven? on a new path, it turns out in order to come to revelation of the true nature (11), (12), (13), (14) thereby achieving progress for the development of humanity it turned out to be necessary to first come to understandings true nature (8). That is algebra and arithmetic. For example, something like this as it is said in lines (15) and (16). Only then it became possible to come to a correct understanding of the nature of such applied sciences as: (11), (12), (13), (14). Of course, all this became possible only after it was possible to understand the true potential of those ideas that have been contained for centuries in the fundamental ideas of Descartes' scientific philosophy. That is, the nature of those ideas contained within the framework of the possibility of Scheme-1. As well as the philosophical nature of those sections of science that were taken into account in the construction schemes 2 and 3:

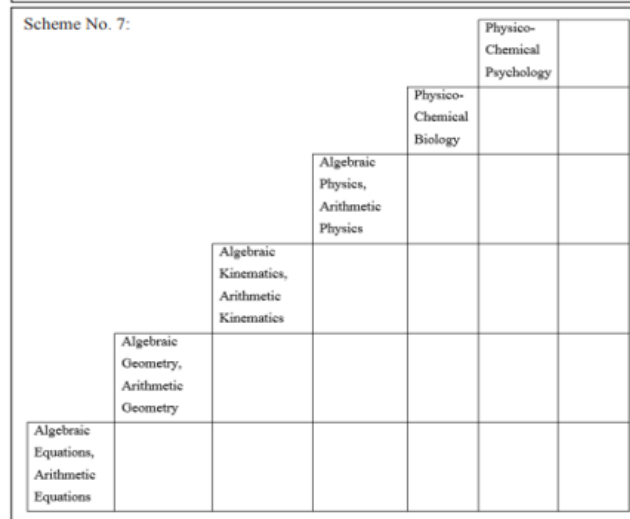
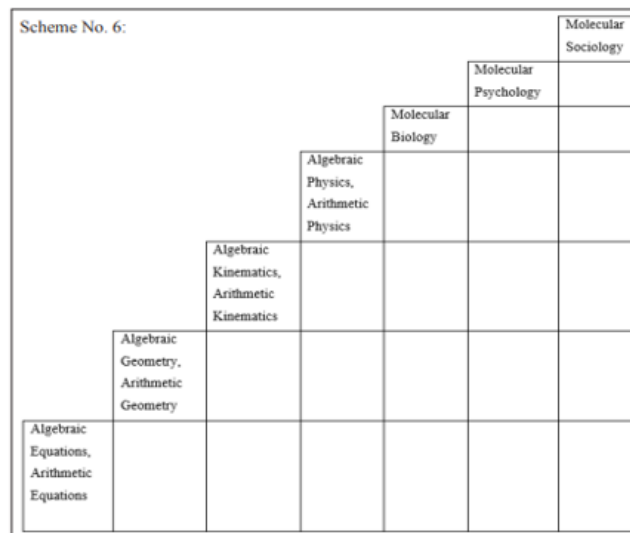


And also the philosophical nature of those sections that were taken into account when constructing diagrams 4 and 5:



Then come to the following realization: That there is a need to correctly interpret the physical nature of the results taken into account when constructing schemes 2 and 3 so correctly that, based on the results obtained along this path, it becomes possible to justify the results taken into account when constructing schemes 3 and 4. As shown in In previously published articles this became

possible. This made it possible to combine the results of schemes 2 and 3, and also schemes 4 and 5. At the same time, realizing that there are still some results that can be systematized and taken into account using schemes 6 and 7.



It is especially worth noting the following: that the awareness of everything this managed to come after previously managed to come to the revelation of the true nature (8). That is, the nature of algebra and arithmetic as the true foundation of mathematics. This allowed us to come to the following understanding: that correctly understood algebra and arithmetic the furthest become the basis of scientific philosophy. This will thereby acquire the status of a science that can properly fulfill its roles

Fundamentals of the theory of thinking. (23)

Therefore, further opportunities arise on their basis to satisfactorily solve the problem (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14). It looks like it I didn't quite realize the following yet. That solve correctly those problems that usually arise when the need to solve more specific problems also it will be possible to solve it correctly only after first succeeding solve these problems correctly. Thus in these ways, when solving such specific problems, it is also possible to correctly take into account both the number and the nature of the objects being studied (17).....(22).

That is why, when further solving many specific problems, taking into account the possibilities of newly obtained results there

is an opportunity to delve into the matter at a very deep level understanding entities those processes that are being studied. Of course This is precisely the goal that Descartes dreamed of achieving. Furthermore Newton and Leibniz.

At this stage I would like to especially say the following. I A very modest person who has been content with what he has all his life. Perhaps that's why I felt a certain degree of shame and discomfort when I started writing this letter. Because what normal person would openly allows o to declare to himself that his obtained results potentially contain results that deserve to be nominated for a Nobel Prize. However, I allowed myself to do so. The following reasons served as the reason for doing so. I worked for many years at the limit of possibility to achieve this goal. Then, when I began to analyze the results I got, there was a certain confidence in that that they contain truly very valuable results.

I took this step in order to to draw the attention of the scientific community and the Nobel Prize committee to oneself. Of course, if colleagues and the committee combine what is received My results are not yet sufficient for that I'm not going to be too upset about taking such a step . However, I really want to strive and successfully complete the development of my results. I want to make sure the committee pays attention to them. Therefore, I'm even willing to allow myself to write about my results in a slightly risky manner. Because, as the saying goes:

Those who don't know how to take risks will never succeed in life. (24)

As is well known, scientific journals typically publish articles that are written very strictly. Emotional thoughts are especially discouraged. However, in my opinion, Sometimes it probably makes sense to make some deviations from these rules. Because in such a In that case, the authors of their ideas would have been able to write as deeply and transparently as possible. Perhaps, in such a case, the development of the foundations of our science would have proceeded somewhat more quickly. I think that in writing these final thoughts, I actually allowed myself a certain risk.

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